HEADLANDS AND BEACHES Sand spurge Chamaesyce psammogeton

Key features:

Oblong-shaped leaves, growing opposite on the stem. Grows flat over rocks or even sand.

What is it? Perennial prostrate herb forming mats to 1 m across, often from a woody rootstock.



Leaves: Oblong-shaped or slightly tapering toward the end, 10-30 mm long, 5-15 mm wide.

Flowers: Small white flowers 1-1.5mm long.

Fruit: Smooth pale brown capsules, 2mm long, diameter 2.5mm.

How rare? Listed as Endangered on the TSC Act.

Where is it? Foredunes and exposed sites on headlands. Often grows with Spinifex (Spinifex sericeus) and Prickly Couch (Zoysia macrantha). Known from Oceanview Headland North in CCRP, the northern side of Look-at-me-now Headland in MBNR and along Bonville Beach in BBNP.

Photo source: Tim Scanlon

FRONTAL SAND DUNES Silver bush Sophora tomentosa

Key features: Rounded leaflets, fairly thick. Large yellow flowers and unusual long bean-type pods.

What is it? Shrub, in pea family growing to 5m high.

Leaves: 10–20 cm long, with 11–17 leaflets. Leaflets rounded, 20–40 mm long, 10–30 mm wide.

Flowers: Unbranched, 10–15 cm long; pedicels 5–7 mm long. Yellow petals 20–25 mm long, green sheaths 6 mm long.

Fruit: Pod, 10–18 cm long, up to 14 mm diameter, packed tightly around large seeds.

How rare? Listed as *Endangered* on the TSC Act.

Where is it? Recent sands on frontal coastal dunes. Known from Cabins north & south, Safety Beach, Woolgoolga Headland, Sapphire SEPP, Reicks and Hills Beaches in CCRP.

Photo sources: Tim Scanlon, Paul Downey.



